ATI Capstone Content Review:L C e o a m d m ers u h n i i p ty and Health - Tips of the Week

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ATI Capstone Content Review:Ledershipand Health - Tips of y the Week

Whew! It has been a busy term but here we are close to the finish line.

To help you prepare for your comprehensive final assessment, please be sure to read back through your pre-assignment quizzes and post-assessment assignments. Also, if there are any of your focused reviews that you have not had a chance to complete yet, please do so now to give you a boost with the topics you missed on your assessments.

To create a focused review, just log into the www.atitesting.com site, click on the 'my results' tab, then the 'practice assessments' tab. You will see 'create' next to your assessments:

Once you click on 'create', select all topics to review and then click on 'create focused review'.

One last look at prioritization:

When prioritizing, remember the four orders:

- 1. Any immediate threats to safety (ABCs, Maslow)
- 2. Actual problems for which the client is requesting help

- 3. Actual or potential problems of which the client may not be aware
- 4. Actual or potential future problems

Let's look at some examples:

Scenario #1

You receive report in the morning and are assigned the following clients. Prioritize the order in which you will assess these clients:

A client needing assistance with feeding due to hemiparesis.

A client on a ventilator with a PRN order for tracheal suctioning.

A client going to OR for an appendectomy at 0900.

A client needing reinforcement of teaching regarding self-administration of insulin.

Scenario #1 Key

The order of care should be as follows:

- A client on a ventilator with a PRN order for tracheal suctioning should be seen
 1st—ABCs and Safety!
- 2. A client going to OR for an appendectomy at 0900 should be seen 2nd to ensure that the procedure is started on time.
- 3. A client needing assistance with feeding due to hemiparesis can be seen 3rd as hunger and thirst come before teaching according to Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs.
- 4. A client needing reinforcement of teaching regarding self-administration of insulin can be seen last.

An antiemetic is a medication used in the treatment and/or prevention - \langle \langle ANSWER \langle \langle >> nausea and vomiting

some common classes of antiemetics and their generic names - notice the similarities in the generic names:

5-HT3 receptor antagonists (serotonin antagonists)
✓ ✓ ANSWER ✓ ✓ >> Dolasetron (Anzemet)

Granisetron (Kytril, Sancuso)

Ondansetron (Zofran)

Tropisetron (Navoban)

'Tron' to the rescue!

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