

## ATI Chapter 23- Med surg// ATI MED COMPREHENSIVE EXIT EXAM RETAKE 2023- 2024 WITH NGN QUESTIONS (ACTUAL EXAM)

The nurse is collecting data from a patient 3 days after a motor vehicle crash in which the patient hit the steering wheel. The data reveal symptoms of pericarditis. Which finding indicates the presence of pericarditis?

- a. Pain on expiration
- b. Pericardial friction rub
- c. Jugular vein distention
- d. Crackles in lung bases - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>B

The nurse is collecting data from a patient who has mitral stenosis. For which condition should the nurse assess in the patients history?

- a. Meningitis
- b. Scarlet fever
- c. Rheumatic fever
- d. Rheumatoid arthritis - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>C

The nurse is collecting data from a patient. Which approach should the nurse use to determine the presence of a Homans sign?

- a. Observing the calf and thigh color bilaterally
- b. Listening with a Doppler to posterior bilateral tibial pulses
- c. Measuring the patients calf and thigh circumference bilaterally
- d. Dorsiflexing the patients foot sharply and asking if calf pain occurs - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>D

The nurse is collecting data on a patient recovering from a hysterectomy who is experiencing left calf tenderness. Data include the following: left calf 17.5 inches; right calf 14 inches; left thigh 32 inches; right thigh 28 inches; shiny, warm, and reddened left leg. Which actions should the nurse recommend for this patients plan of care?

- a. Maintain bedrest.

- b. Encourage ambulation daily.
- c. Place anti-embolism stocking on left leg.
- d. Place anti-embolism stocking on both legs. - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>A

The nurse is contributing to a patient's plan of care for a patient who has an elevated INR. Which nursing diagnosis should the nurse recommend receive priority in the patient's care plan?

- a. Acute Pain
- b. Risk for Injury
- c. Risk for Infection
- d. Ineffective Breathing Pattern - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>B

The nurse is contributing to a patient's plan of care. During medication administration, which medication would the nurse understand as being prescribed to treat a patient with aortic stenosis who has symptoms of heart failure?

- a. Heparin
- b. Bumetanide (Bumex)
- c. Digitalis
- d. Warfarin (Coumadin) - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>B

The nurse is contributing to a patient's plan of care. Which positioning should the nurse recommend for a patient with a left deep vein thrombosis?

- a. Elevate head above level of legs.
- b. Elevate left leg above heart level.
- c. Elevate right leg above heart level.
- d. Elevate both legs above heart level. - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>B

The nurse is contributing to a patient's plan of care. Which statement is a desired outcome for the nursing diagnosis of Deficient Knowledge related to a new medical diagnosis of mitral valve prolapse?

- a. Exhibits less fatigue during self-care
- b. Clear breathing sounds, no edema or weight gain
- c. States ability to comply with therapeutic regimen
- d. Verbalizes definition of disorder and manifestations - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>D

The nurse is contributing to the care plan for a patient with aortic stenosis. Which outcome supports a favorable response for the nursing diagnosis of activity intolerance?

- a. Verbalizes knowledge of disorder
- b. Clear breathing sounds, no edema or weight gain
- c. Vital signs within normal limits during self-care

d. States willingness to comply with therapeutic regimen - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>B

A healthy postoperative patient who has been on bedrest for 3 days suddenly develops dyspnea, tachypnea, restlessness, and chest pain. The patient says, I feel as if something is going to happen to me. What should the nurse do?

- a. Perform a bilateral Homans test.
- b. Give a narcotic for pain as ordered.
- c. Ensure physician is notified immediately.
- d. Reassure the patient that everything is fine. - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>C

A patient is admitted for treatment of aortic stenosis. What findings should the nurse expect when collecting data from this patient? (Select all that apply.)

- a. Chest pain
- b. Orthopnea
- c. Heart murmur
- d. Dyspnea on exertion
- e. Oxygen saturation 80% - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>A,B,C,D

A patient is being admitted to the intensive care unit after cardiac surgery. Which nursing actions should the nurse include in this patient's plan of care? (Select all that apply.)

- a. Note any patient shivering.
- b. Assess breath sounds every shift.
- c. Assist in head-to-toe data collection.
- d. Place the patient in a cool environment.
- e. Connect the patient to a cardiac monitor.
- f. Palpate chest and neck for signs of crepitus. - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>A,B,C,E,F

A patient is diagnosed with cardiomyopathy. What should the nurse identify as a potential risk for this patient?

- a. Angina
- b. Pericarditis
- c. Heart failure
- d. Myocardial infarction - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>C

A patient is diagnosed with chronic aortic regurgitation. Which procedure should the nurse anticipate being prescribed for this patient?

- a. Medication therapy
- b. Valvular annuloplasty

- c. Valvular commissurotomy
- d. Surgical valve replacement - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>D

A patient is scheduled for cardiac surgery for placement of a mechanical valve. Which patient statement indicates correct understanding of characteristics of mechanical valves used for cardiac valve replacement? (Select all that apply.)

- a. They are durable.
- b. They require donors.
- c. They create turbulent blood flow.
- d. They can be placed during balloon angioplasty.
- e. They do not require lifelong anticoagulant therapy.
- f. They may be preferred if anticoagulation is a concern. - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>A,C

A patient recovering from cardiac surgery complains of discomfort when turning and moving in bed.

What should the nurse encourage the patient perform when making position changes?

- a. Hold the breath
- b. Splint with a pillow
- c. Bend the knees to the chest
- d. Lift the head off of the bed - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>B

A patient recovering from valve replacement surgery has a low cardiac output. Which laboratory tests should the nurse identify as a possible cause for this patient's problem? (Select all that apply.)

- a. Low serum sodium level
- b. Low serum calcium level
- c. Low serum magnesium level
- d. Elevated serum glucose level
- e. Elevated serum potassium level - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>B,C,E

A patient who has aortic stenosis develops severe dyspnea and chest pain. What should the nurse do now?

- a. Obtain vital signs.
- b. Give nitroglycerin.
- c. Raise the head of the bed.
- d. Encourage the patient to sleep. - ✓✓ANSWER✓✓>>A

A patient who is taking digoxin (Lanoxin) is diagnosed with myocarditis. For which effect should the nurse monitor the patient?

- a. Increased inflammation
- b. Decreased inflammation